## ATPL(A) - Conversion

Application for the conversion of an Airline Transport Pilot Licence ATPL(A)

Please fill in the framed fields of the form, sign it and send it together with attachments to:
AUSTRO CONTROL GmbH, Aviation Agency, Schnirchgasse 17, 1030 Vienna, Austria
1 Type of application
I apply for the conversion of an Airline Transport Pilot Licence ATPL(A) acc. to Commission Regulation (EU) No 1178/2011 Article 8, after having successfully completed a skill test in accordance with FCL.520.A.

2 Applicant
APPLICANT'S LICENCE NUMBER:


The applicant confirms hereby that all information is complete and correct. He also confirms that he has no further licences, issued according to Commission Regulation (EU) No 1175/2011 and has not applied for a conversion in any other EASA Member State.

## 3 Summary of knowledge and flight experience before test

## General requirements

Medical certificate Class 1

Flight experience
a) Total flight experience thereof on FFS or FNPT
thereof on FNPT
b) Experience in multi-pilot operations
c) Flight experience as PIC or
d) Flight experience as PICUS or
e) Flight experience as PIC and PICUS

## e.i) thereof as PIC

e.ii) thereof as PICUS
f) Flight experience on cross-country flights
thereof as PIC or PICUS
$\square$
state actual time (or n/a - if applicable)

min. 500 hours: $\square$


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g) Instrument time
thereof instrument ground time
h) Night flight time as PIC or co-pilot
i) Flight experience as pilot in that type to be accepted (according to Annex III C.)


4 Confirmation of the successfully passed ATPL(A) theoretical examination (to be filled out by the competent authority)
Name and signature of the responsible official Date and seal of the competent authority

## 5 Attachments (Please attach, if not specified differently, copies of the listed documents to the application)

- foreign licence
- foreign medical certificate
- verification letter
- medical certificate Class 1
- all pilot logbooks (original)
- 1 passport picture (original)
- acceptance of radio telephony (R/T) privileges
- Language proficiency - application for a language proficiency endorsment (see form no. 313)
- Application for the designation of a flight examiner for the conduct of the ATPL(A) skill test

6 Conduct of the ATPL(A) skill test as PIC of a multi-pilot aeroplane


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7 Skill test report
Note: According to Commission Regulation (EU) No 1178/2011 Annex I (Part-FCL) FCL.520.A the ATPL(A) skill test shall be passed as PIC of a multi-pilot aeroplane under IFR, and the ability to perform the relevant procedures and manoeuvres with the competency appropriate to the privileges granted shall be demonstrated.

| Multi-pilot aeroplanes and single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes |  | Practical Training |  |  |  |  | ATPL/MPL/Type Rating Skill Test or Proficiency Check |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manoeuvres/Procedures |  | Practical training performed in |  |  |  | Instructor initials when training completed | Chkd in | Examiner initials when test completed |
|  |  | OTD | FTD | FFS | A |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { FFS } \\ \text { A } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| SECTION 1 - FLIGHT PREPARATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1 | Performance calculation | P |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1.2$ | Aeroplane external visual inspection; location of each item and purpose of inspection | P\# |  |  | P |  |  |  |
| 1.3 | Cockpit inspection |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| $1.4$ | Use of checklist prior to starting engines, starting procedures, radio and navigation equipment check, selection and setting of navigation and communication frequencies | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  | M |  |
| $1.5$ | Taxiing in compliance with air traffic control or instructions of instructor |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 1.6 | Before take-off checks |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  | M |  |
| SECTION 2 - TAKE-OFFS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $2.1$ | Normal take-offs with different flap settings, including expedited take-off |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| $2.2^{*}$ | Instrument take-off; transition to instrument flight is required during rotation or immediately after becoming airborne |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 2.3 | Crosswind take-off |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 2.4 | Take-off at maximum take-off mass (actual or simulated maximum take-off mass) |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 2.5 | Take-offs with simulated engine failure: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $2.5 .1^{*}$ | shortly after reaching V2 (In aeroplanes which are not certificated as transport category or commuter category aeroplanes, the engine failure shall not be simulated until reaching a minimum height of 500 ft above runway end. In aeroplanes having the same performance as a transport category aeroplane regarding take-off mass and density altitude, the instructor may simulate the engine failure shortly after reaching V2) |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 2.5.2* | between V1 and V2 |  |  | P | X |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M} \\ \text { FFS only } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $2.6$ | Rejected take-off at a reasonable speed before reaching V1 |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow \mathrm{X}$ |  | M |  |

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| Multi-pilot aeroplanes and single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes |  | Practical Training |  |  |  |  | ATPL/MPL/Type Rating Skill Test or Proficiency Check |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manoeuvres/Procedures |  | Practical training performed in |  |  |  | Instructor initials when training completed | Chkd in | Examiner initials when test completed |
|  |  | OTD | FTD | FFS | A |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { FFS } \\ \text { A } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $3.6 .1$ | Fire drills, e.g. engine, APU, cabin, cargo compartment, flight deck, wing and electrical fires including evacuation |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 3.6 .2 | Smoke control and removal |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 3.6.3 | Engine failures, shutdown and restart at a safe height |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 3.6.4 | Fuel dumping (simulated) |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 3.6.5 | Wind shear at take-off/landing |  |  | P | X |  | FFS only |  |
| 3.6.6 | Simulated cabin pressure failure/emergency descent |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 3.6.7 | Incapacitation of flight crew member |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| $3.6 .8$ | Other emergency procedures as outlined in the appropriate Aeroplane Flight Manual |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 3.6.9 | ACAS event | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { An air arat } \\ & \text { may not } \\ & \text { bused } \end{aligned}$ |  | FFS only |  |
| 3.7 | Steep turns with $45^{\circ}$ bank, $180^{\circ}$ to $360^{\circ}$ left and right |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| $3.8$ | Early recognition and counter measures on approaching stall (up to activation of stall warning device) in take-off configuration (flaps in take-off position), in cruising flight configuration and in landing configuration (flaps in landing position, gear extended) |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| $3.8 .1$ | Recovery from full stall or after activation of stall warning device in climb, cruise and approach configuration |  |  | P | X |  |  |  |
| 3.9 | Instrument flight procedures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.9.1* | Adherence to departure and arrival routes and ATC instructions |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  | M |  |
| 3.9.2* | Holding procedures |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 3.9.3* | 3D operations to DH/A of 200 feet ( 60 m ) or to higher minima if required by the approach procedure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note: According to the AFM, RNP APCH procedures may require the use of autopilot or Flight director. The procedure to be flown manually shall be chosen taking into account such limitations (for example, choose an ILS for 3.9.3.1 in case of such AFM limitation). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.9.3.1* | *manually, without flight director |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  | $\underset{\text { (skill test only) }}{\mathrm{M}}$ |  |
| 3.9.3.2* | * manually, with flight director |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |

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| Multi-pilot aeroplanes and single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes | Practical Training |  |  |  |  | ATPL/MPL/Type Rating Skill Test or Proficiency Check |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manoeuvres/Procedures | Practical training performed in |  |  |  | Instructor initials when training completed | Chkd in | Examiner initials when test completed |
|  | OTD | FTD | FFS | A |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { FFS } \\ \text { A } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 3.9.3.3* with autopilot |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 3.9.3.4* manually, with one engine simulated inoperative; engine failure has to be simulated during final approach before passing 1000 feet above aerodrome level until touchdown or through the complete missed approach procedure. In aeroplanes which are not certificated as transport category aeroplanes (JAR/FAR 25) or as commuter category aeroplanes (SFAR 23), the approach with simulated engine failure and the ensuing go- around shall be initiated in conjunction with the non-precision approach as described in 3.9.4. The goaround shall be initiated when reaching the published obstacle clearance height ( $\mathrm{OCH} / \mathrm{A}$ ), however not later than reaching a minimum descent height/altitude (MDH/A) of 500 ft above runway threshold elevation. In aeroplanes having the same performance as a transport category aeroplane regarding take-off mass and density altitude, the instructor may simulate the engine failure in accordance with 3.9.3.4. |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  | M |  |
| 3.9.4* 2 D operations down to the MDH/A |  |  | $\mathrm{P}^{*} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  | M |  |
| 3.9.5 Circling approach under following conditions: <br> a)* approach to the authorised minimum circling approach altitude at the aerodrome in question in accordance with the local instrument approach facilities in simulated instrument flight conditions; followed by: <br> b) circling approach to another runway at least $90^{\circ}$ off centreline from final approach used in item (a), at the authorised minimum circling approach altitude. <br> Remark: if (a) and (b) are not possible due to ATC reasons, a simulated low visibility pattern may be performed. |  |  | $\mathrm{P}^{*} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |

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Application for the conversion of an Airline Transport Pilot Licence ATPL(A) according to Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/723 Article 3
APPLICANT'S
LICENCE NUMBER:
$\square$

| Multi-pilot aeroplanes and single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes |  | Practical Training |  |  |  |  | ATPL/MPL/Type Rating Skill Test or Proficiency Check |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manoeuvres/Procedures |  | Practical training performed in |  |  |  | Instructor initials when training completed | Chkd in | Examiner initials when test completed |
|  |  | OTD | FTD | FFS | A |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { FFS } \\ \text { A } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| SECTION 4 - MISSED APPROACH PROCEDURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.1 | Go-around with all engines operating* during a 3D operation on reaching decision height |  |  | $\mathrm{P}^{*} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 4.2 | Other missed approach procedures |  |  | $\mathrm{P}^{*} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 4.3* | Manual go-around with the critical engine simulated inoperative after an instrument approach on reaching DH, MDH or MAPt |  |  | $\mathrm{P}^{*} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  | M |  |
|  | Rejected landing at 15 m ( 50 ft ) above runway threshold and go-around |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| SECTION 5 - LANDINGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5.1 | Normal landings* with visual reference established when reaching DA/H following an instrument approach operation |  |  | P |  |  |  |  |
| 5.2 | Landing with simulated jammed horizontal stabiliser in any out-of-trim position |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | an airarat may not beoted fortis exercicise |  |  |  |
| 5.3 | Crosswind landings (a/c, if practicable) |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
|  | Traffic pattern and landing without extended or with partly extended flaps and slats |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |
| 5.5 | Landing with critical engine simulated inoperative |  |  | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |  | M |  |
|  | Landing with two engines inoperative: <br> - aeroplanes with 3 engines: the centre engine and 1 outboard engine as far as practicable according to data of the AFM, <br> - aeroplanes with 4 engines: 2 engines at one side |  |  | P | X |  | $\stackrel{\text { M }}{\substack{\text { FFS only } \\ \text { ckill toctnonlic }}}$ |  |
| General remarks: <br> Special requirements for extension of a type rating for instrument approaches down to a decision height of less than 200 feet ( 60 m ), i.e. CAT II/III operations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SECTION 6-ADDITIONAL AUTHORISATION ON A TYPE RATING FOR INSTRUMENT APPROACHES DOWN TO A DECISION HEIGHT OF LESS THAN 60 m ( 200 ft ) - (CAT IIIIII) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The following manoeuvres and procedures are the minimum training requirements to permit instrument approaches down to a DH of less than $60 \mathrm{~m}(200 \mathrm{ft}$ ). During the following instrument approaches and missed approach procedures all aeroplane equipment required for type certification of instrument approaches down to a DH of less than $60 \mathrm{~m}(200 \mathrm{ft})$ shall be used. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.1* | Rejected take-off at minimum authorised RVR |  |  | $\mathrm{P}^{*} \rightarrow$ |  |  | M* |  |

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CONTROL according to Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/723 Article 3

## APPLICANT'S <br> LICENCE NUMBER:

$\square$

| Multi-pilot aeroplanes and <br> single-pilot high performance <br> complex aeroplanes |  | Practical Training |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## RESULTS OF THE TEST SECTIONS

| "P" - passed |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| "F" - failed |$\quad 4$

## REMARKS (if any)

## 9 Result of the skill test

$\square$ PARTIALLY PASSEDFAILED

Signature of Examiner
Signature of Applicant

Application for the conversion of an Airline Transport Pilot Licence ATPL(A)
CONTROL according to Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/723 Article 3
10 Guidelines for the conduct of the skill test

## PASS MARKS

In the case of multi-pilot and single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes, the applicant shall pass all sections of the skill test or proficiency check. Failure of more than five items will require the applicant to take the entire test or check again. Any applicant failing five or less items shall take the failed items again. Failure in any item on the re-test or re-check including those items that have been passed at a previous attempt will require the applicant to take the entire check or test again. Section 6 is not part of the ATPL or MPL skill test. If the applicant only fails or does not take section 6 , the type rating will be issued without CAT II or CAT III privileges. To extend the type rating privileges to CAT II or CAT III, the applicant shall pass the section 6 on the appropriate type of aircraft.

## FLIGHT TEST TOLERANCE

The applicant shall demonstrate the ability to:
a) operate the aeroplane within its limitations;
b) complete all manoeuvres with smoothness and accuracy;
c) exercise good judgement and airmanship;
d) apply aeronautical knowledge;
e) maintain control of the aeroplane at all times in such a manner that the successful outcome of a procedure or manoeuvre is always assured;
f) understand and apply crew coordination and incapacitation procedures, if applicable and
g) communicate effectively with the other crew members, if applicable.

The following limits shall apply, corrected to make allowance for turbulent conditions and the handling qualities and performance of the aeroplane used:

| Height |  | Tracking |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| generally | $\pm 100$ feet | on radio aids | $\pm 5^{\circ}$ |
| starting a go-around at decision height | + 50 feet / - 0 feet | For „angular" deviations | Half scale deflection, azimuth and glide path (e.g. LPV, ILS, MLS, GLS) |
| minimum descent height/alt. | + 50 feet / - 0 feet | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2D (LNAV) and } \\ & \text { 3D (LNAV/VNAV) } \\ & \text { "linear" lateral deviations } \end{aligned}$ | Cross-track error/deviation shall normally be limited to $\pm 1 / 2$ the RNP value associated with the procedure. Brief deviations from this standard up to a maximum of 1 time the RNP value are allowable. |
| - | - | 3D linear vertical deviations (e.g. RNP APCH (LNAV/VNAV) using Baro-VNAV) | Not more than - 75 feet below the vertical profile at any time, and not more than +75 feet above the vertical profile at or below 1000 feet above aerodrome level. |
| Speed |  | Heading |  |
| all engines operating | $\pm 5$ knots | all engines operating | $\pm 5^{\circ}$ |
| with simulated engine failure | + 10 knots / - 5 knots | with simulated engine failure | $\pm 10^{\circ}$ |

## CONTENTS OF THE SKILL TEST/PROFICIENCY CHECK

a) The following symbols mean:

P Trained as PIC or Co-pilot and as PF and PNF for the issue of a type rating as applicable.
X Simulators shall be used for this exercise, if available; otherwise an aircraft shall be used if appropriate for the manoeuvre or procedure.
P\# The training shall be complemented by supervised aeroplane inspection.
b) The practical training shall be conducted at least at the training equipment level shown as $(P)$, or may be conducted up to any higher equipment level shown by the arrow $(\rightarrow)$.

The following abbreviations are used to indicate the training equipment used:
A Aeroplane
FFS Full Flight Simulator
FTD Flight Training Device
OTD Other Training Device
c) The starred items $\left(^{*}\right)$ shall be flown solely by reference to instruments. If this condition is not met during the skill test or proficiency check, the type rating will be restricted to VFR only.
d) Where the letter ' $M$ ' appears in the skill test or proficiency check column this will indicate the mandatory exercise.
e) An FFS shall be used for practical training and testing if the FFS forms part of an approved type rating course. The following considerations will apply to the approval of the course:
i) the qualification of the FFS or FNPT II;
ii) the qualifications of the instructors;
iii) the amount of FFS or FNPT II training provided on the course; and
iv) the qualifications and previous experience on similar types of the pilot under training.
f) Manoeuvres and procedures shall include MCC for multi-pilot aeroplane and for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes in multi-pilot operations.
g) Manoeuvres and procedures shall be conducted in single-pilot role for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes in single-pilot operations.
h) In the case of single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes, when a skill test or proficiency check is performed in multi-pilot operations, the type rating shall be restricted to multi-pilot operations. If privileges of single-pilot are sought, the manoeuvres/procedures in 2.5, 3.9.3.4, 4.3, 5.5 and at least one manoeuvre/procedure from section 3.4 have to be completed in addition as single-pilot.
i) In case of a restricted type rating issued in accordance with FCL.720.A(e), the applicants shall fulfil the same requirements as other applicants for the type rating except for the practical exercises relating to the take-off and landing phases.
j) To establish or maintain PBN privileges one approach shall be an RNP APCH. Where an RNP APCH is not practicable, it shall be performed in an appropriately equipped FSTD.

